

Mandated by the California Oil Spill Prevention and Response Act of 1990

Draft Minutes
Harbor Safety Committee of the San Francisco Bay Region
October 12, 2023
Port of San Francisco, Pier 1, Prologis Conference Room
The Embarcadero, San Francisco, California

**Scott Humphrey** (M), Marine Exchange of the San Francisco Bay Region (Marine Exchange), Chair of the Harbor Safety Committee (HSC); called the meeting to order at 10:04.

Marcus Freeling (A), Marine Exchange, confirmed the presence of a quorum of the HSC.

Committee members (M) and alternates (A) in attendance with a vote: Cody Aichele-Rothman (A) Bay Conservation and Development Commission; Ben Eichenberg (M), San Francisco Baykeeper; Patrick Forrester (A), Port of San Francisco; Jim Haussener (A), CMANC; Capt. Tony Heeter (M), Blue and Gold Fleet; Capt. Taylor Lam (M), United States Coast Guard; Christopher Lee (M), Matson Navigation; Richard Ogg (M), F/V Karen Jeanne; Jeff Qualman (M), Norvic Shipping; Capt. Paul Ruff (M), San Francisco Bar Pilots; John Schneider (M), Marathon Petroleum; Randy Scott (M), Port of Benicia; LTC Timothy Shebesta (M), US Army Corps of Engineers; Justin Taschek (A), Port of Oakland; Jeff Vine (M), Port of Stockton.

The meetings are always open to the public.

### Approval of the Minutes-

A motion to accept the minutes of the September 14, 2023, meeting was made and seconded. The minutes were approved without dissent.

### **Comments by the Chair- Scott Humphrey**

Welcomed the committee members and audience.

### **Coast Guard Report- Capt. Taylor Lam**

- The Bay Ferry VI maritime security exercise was held successfully. Several active threat scenarios were conducted to help prepare first responders.
- Fleet Week, a SEAR rated event, was held successfully with increased public attendance throughout the week. No major issues occurred, and planning is underway for next year.
- The Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) Summit will be held in San Francisco on November 11-17. Many heads of state are expected to attend.



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- New Year's Eve fireworks is a SEAR event and planning is ongoing.
- Increased criminal activity in Oakland Harbor is being addressed. The USCG is collaborating with local police on the issue.
- LT William Harris read from the September- 2023 Prevention/Response Report (attached).

### **Army Corps of Engineers Report-LTC Timothy Shebesta**

- Introduced himself to the committee as the new USACE San Francisco District Commander.
- Jessicca Vargas, USACE, read from the US Army Corps of Engineers, San Francisco District Report (attached). The FY23 dredge construction phase is ongoing. The contract for Redwood City Harbor dredging is being bid on. Richmond Inner Harbor dredging has been paused until December. MARAD Suisun Fleet dredging is underway. The FY24 dredge program will be released by the end of the year. Debris removal tonnage was below average for September. The draft IFR/EA for the Oakland Harbor Turning Basins Widening Study was released and input is welcome. The Chief's Report for the study is expected in May 2024. The Regional Dredge Material Management Plan is ongoing. Surveys are posted and a channel condition report is included.
- Stas Margaronis asked about the current depth of Redwood City Harbor. Jessica Vargas advised that the outside quarters of the channel are at a depth of 20.5 feet and 18.2 feet. The inside quarters are at a depth of 23.9 feet and 25.6 feet. The authorized depth of the channel is 30 feet.

### **Clearinghouse Report- Marcus Freeling (report attached)**

### **OSPR Report- Mike Zamora**

- Introduced Jon Victoria, new OSPR Chief of Prevention, to the committee.
- A new HSC membership vacancy announcement will be distributed. HSC Vice-Chair and other committee positions are available. Applications are welcome. Contact: michael.zamora@wildlife.ca.gov

### **NOAA Report- (report attached)**

- All raster charts are scheduled for cancelation by the end of 2024.
- Brian Garcia, NWS, advised that we are transitioning from a fall to winter weather pattern.
   Increased ocean swells are expected next week. Tidal swings with negative low tides are also



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predicted. An El Nino Advisory has been issued due to increased tropical sea surface temperatures. El Nino is associated with larger storms, but the effects are variable.

## **State Lands Commission Report- No Report**

### **PORTS Report- Marcus Freeling**

- The Southampton Shoal LB6, Oakland Inner Harbor LB4, and Oakland Outer Harbor LB3 buoy-mounted current meters were repaired, upgraded, and redeployed in July. There are stability issues with the LB6 meter and a new DCP will be installed to fix the problem. The LB3 meter has a bad battery which will be replaced. Visibility sensor issues have been repaired and the stations are back online. An outage was recently reported at the Richmond Point Potrero weather station. Routine PORTS maintenance is ongoing.
- PORTS data is publicly available through NOAA's Tides and Currents website: https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/ports/index.html?port=sf
- Scott Humphrey advised that the Marine Exchange owns and maintains most of the SF PORTS
  network of oceanographic and meteorological sensors around the bay. OSPR provides funding
  for maintenance of the system and NOAA disseminates the data. There are PORTS networks in
  regions throughout the country, but they are operated, maintained, and funded independently.

### Report on Hydrogen Fuel- Mallika Mukundan, Chevron

• Mallika Mukundan, Chevron New Energies, gave a presentation to the committee on hydrogen fuel (slides attached). Clean energy with reduced carbon emissions is in demand and partnerships are a priority. Chevron is committed to bringing new sources of cleaner energy to the market including renewable natural gas/diesel, hydrogen, and advanced geothermal. Carbon capture and storage technology is also a priority. A mix of solutions will be needed to meet clean energy goals with hydrogen predicted to be about six percent of the total by 2050. Hydrogen production will need to increase significantly to meet demand. The trucking and maritime industries are particularly suited to adopting hydrogen energy. Hydrogen can be categorized based on how it is produced. Hydrogen production requires energy input. Conventional grey hydrogen is made from natural gas. Blue hydrogen is made from natural gas, but the carbon is captured during production. Green hydrogen is made from renewable energy. Pink hydrogen is made from nuclear energy. All types of hydrogen are being researched and assessed for market viability. Port areas are susceptible to air pollution and are good candidates for adoption of hydrogen fuel. Industry partnerships are encouraged.



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> Scott Humprey asked about the concept of hydrogen as stored energy. Mallika Mukundan advised that renewable energy can be used to produce hydrogen for later use. In this case, hydrogen acts as storage for renewable energy. Justin Taschek asked about potential weight and safety issues with the use of hydrogen fuel for trucks and port vehicles. Mallika Mukundan advised that hydrogen can be transported as a high-pressure gas or by liquification. Hydrogen is highly flammable and safety education is key. Ben Eichenberg advised that it is important to differentiate between environmentally friendly green hydrogen and conventional grey hydrogen. European studies show that responsibly produced hydrogen requirements do not reduce potential future supplies. NRDC recently published an analysis encouraging Chevron to support the Three Pillars of regulatory guidance to ensure hydrogen production does not end up doing more harm than good. Link: https://www.nrdc.org/bio/rachel-fakhry/new-analysis-3pillars-will-support-large-hydrogen-deployment. The study shows how the Three Pillars of new clean supply, hourly matching, and deliverability will support substantial deployment of clean hydrogen in this decade. Mallika Mukundan advised that reducing carbon emissions is a primary goal and green hydrogen is being researched in addition to other types. Stas Margaronis, Propeller Club, asked about the use of methanol as fuel. Mallika Mukundan advised that methanol is not low carbon but is being considered as a fuel for ships as it is renewable and easy to transport. Capt. Heeter advised of a hydrogen fuel cell powered ferry docked at Pier 9 and asked about industry safety guidance. Capt. Lam advised of training that was given on hydrogen fuel cell technology. Information will be provided.

### **Work Group Reports-**

**Tug Work Group-** Nothing to report.

**Navigation Work Group**- Capt. Paul Ruff: The Echo Buoy recently sank and will be replaced. A virtual buoy is being used to mark the position. Negative tides are predicted and under keel clearance is a concern. Some vessel transits might have to be delayed until higher tide which impacts scheduling. The Navigation Work Group is partnering with the Marine Mammal Work Group on VSR issues. A Work Group meeting will be scheduled.

**Ferry Operations Work Group-** Capt. Tony Heeter: Fleet Week was held successfully with an increased number of people attending this year. Brandon Chapman, Golden Gate Bridge Highway & Transportation District, advised that the Bay Ferry VI maritime security exercise was conducted over four days in September. Preventative Rad/Nuc detection, active threat, and VMAP training were performed successfully. A final report will be released, and additional training is being provided for law enforcement. Capt. Heeter advised that additional VMAP training is planned.



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**Dredge Issues Work Group-** Jim Haussener: Pinole Shoal Channel was not dredged to full authorized depth and the next scheduled dredging is not until summer 2025. Draft restrictions are expected to increase over time. Redwood City Harbor dredging is in the bidding process. The thirty-foot channel is now restricted to twenty-one feet. Dredging the Stockton Channel to full depth is critical.

PORTS Work Group- Justin Taschek: Nothing to report.

**Prevention through People Work Group-** Jim Haussener: Nothing to report.

Marine Mammal Work Group- Kathi George (A), The Marine Mammal Center: There have been recent humpback whale sightings in the bay. The Whale Safe buoy separated from its mooring and is adrift, but efforts are being made to secure it. The Work Group met last month to address issues related to the San Francisco – Pacifica Exclusion Area. The next Work Group meeting will be held online on October 17<sup>th</sup>. A Work Group meeting is also scheduled on November 8<sup>th</sup>. Reducing risk to marine mammals and maintaining navigational safety are primary goals.

#### **Public Comment-**

- Stas Margaronis advised of a Storms, Flooding, and Sea Level Defense Conference to be held on November 8<sup>th</sup> at Scott's Seafood in Oakland. Presentations will be given by Scott Humphrey, USACE, Port of Oakland, and BCDC. Emergency preparation and information sharing will be discussed.
- Justin Taschek advised that public review of the draft EIR for the Oakland Harbor Turning Basins Widening Project is underway. Comments are welcome by November 17<sup>th</sup> and a public meeting will be held on October 25<sup>th</sup>. Information: www.oaklandseaport.com/turningbasins
- Cody Aichele-Rothman advised that BCDC is holding a November 2<sup>nd</sup> public hearing on the draft Seaport Plan. BCDC Draft Seaport Plan: <a href="https://www.bcdc.ca.gov/BPA/1-19/11-02-Draft-Seaport-Plan-September2023.pdf">https://www.bcdc.ca.gov/BPA/1-19/11-02-Draft-September2023.pdf</a>. BCDC Staff Report: <a href="https://www.bcdc.ca.gov/BPA/1-19/11-02-Draft-Preliminary-Staff-Recommendation.pdf">https://www.bcdc.ca.gov/BPA/1-19/11-02-Draft-Preliminary-Staff-Recommendation.pdf</a>

**Old Business- None** 

**New Business- None** 

**Next Meeting-**

1000-1200, November 9, 2023
Port of San Francisco, Pier 1, Bay Side Conference Room
The Embarcadero, San Francisco, California
Harbor Safety Committee of the SF Bay Region
October 12, 2023 - draft



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## Adjournment-

A motion to adjourn the meeting was made and seconded. The motion passed without dissent and the meeting adjourned at 11:50.

Respectfully submitted: Marine Exchange of the San Francisco Bay Region

# SIGNIFICANT PORT SAFETY AND SECURITY CASES (SEPTEMBER 2023)

### **MARINE CASUALTIES**

Loss of Steering (02SEP2023): A foreign flagged tank vessel experienced a loss of steering while attempting to depart Anchorage 9. The vessel's #2 steering pump was fully repaired. Class surveyor attended the vessel and witnessed satisfactory operation of the steering gear. Case closed.

Allision (06SEP2023): A U.S. flagged inspected towing vessel allided with a fixed Aid to Navigation while transiting the Suisun Bay channel. There was no reportable structural damage to the vessel, the is navigation aid completely destroyed. Case closed.

Crewmember Injury (13SEP2023): A crewmember of a U.S. flagged container vessel experienced an injury while onboard the vessel in the vicinity of Oakland, CA. The crewmember lacerated themself on accident while sharpening their personal knives. Member was taken to a nearby hospital and will require two weeks of recovery time. Case closed.

Loss of Steering (19SEP2023): A foreign flagged bulk carrier experienced a loss of steering while transiting into the Sector San Francisco COTP zone. The vessel reported alarms on their steering gear and with reduced maneuverability of the rudder. The vessel was issued a COTP Order and will require permanent repairs to be conducted within the San Francisco COTP zone. Case pends.

Equipment Failure (25SEP2023): A U.S. flagged container vessel experience an equipment failure while moored at Oakland, CA. The vessel master reported that a fracture was found in the fixed CO2 system piping that protects cargo hold #2. The vessel has made permanent repairs to the affected section of the CO2 piping, with class surveyor witnessing satisfactory operation of the CO2 system. Case closed.

Passenger Injury (26SEP2023): A foreign flagged passenger vessel reported a passenger injury onboard while in international waters transiting inbound to Pier 27. The passenger broke their right ankle while walking around the vessel. Passenger received treatment from the vessel's clinic and disembarked at Pier 27. Case closed.

Loss of Propulsion (27SEP2023): A foreign flagged passenger vessel experienced a loss of propulsion while approaching an anchorage. The pilot reported multiple failed start attempts of their propulsion, and the astern propulsion ultimately started. In addition, the vessel could not reach normal RPMs for full astern. Case pends.

Passenger Injury, M/V SONOMA (29SEP2023): A U.S. flagged ferry vessel reported a passenger injury while moored at the Sausalito ferry terminal. The passenger triped and fell on a bench, suffering llacerations to their face and hands and an internal injury to their leg. The passenger refused transport to the hospital by EMS, but instead had someone else take them to the ER. Case pends.

### **VESSEL SAFETY CONDITIONS**

Operational Control (02SEP2023): A foreign flagged tank vessel was issued an Operational Control (Code 60, Prior to Movement) for experiencing a steering casualty. Class surveyor verified the #2 steering gear motor had been properly repaired and functioned satisfactorily. Operational Control lifted. Case closed.

Operational Control (07SEP2023): A U.S. flagged small passenger vessel was issued an Operational Control (Code 701, Prior to Carriage of Passengers) for failure to complete an annual inspection within the allotted timeframe. Case pends.

Operational Control (12SEP2023): A U.S. flagged small passenger vessel was issued an Operational Control (Code 60, Prior to Movement) for failure to complete required annual firefighting equipment maintenance within the appropriate timeframe. Case pends.

Operational Control (19SEP2023): A U.S. flagged small passenger vessel was issued an Operational Control (Code 701, Prior to Carriage of Passengers) for an 8-inch fracture in the port fore peak void below the waterline, allowing water ingress while underway. Coast Guard witnessed corrected deficiencies; Operational Control lifted. Case closed.

Operational Control (19SEP2023): A foreign flagged tank vessel was issued an Operational Control (Code 17, Prior to Departure) for failure to have 05 inflatable liferafts serviced by qualified personnel. Class surveyor verified liferaft servicing/inspection completed by qualified personnel. Operational Control lifted. Case closed.

Operational Control (20SEP2023): A U.S. flagged small passenger vessel was issued an Operational Control (Code 60, Prior to Movement) for discharge of oil when the crew activated the fixed bilge pump system. Coast Guard witnessed satisfactory operation of cleaned bilge pump system. Operational Control lifted. Case closed.

Operational Control (25SEP2023): A U.S. flagged cargo vessel was issued an Operational Control (Code 60, Prior to Movement) for fractured piping on their CO2 fixed-firefighting system. Class surveyor witnessed satisfactory repairs to the CO2 fixed-firefighting system piping. Operational Control lifted. Case closed.

Operational Control (27SEP2023): A foreign flagged pasenger vessel was issued an Operational Control (Code 60, Prior to Movement) for experiencing a loss of propulsion while transiting through the San Francisco COTP zone. Case pends.

Operational Control (28SEP2023): A U.S flagged articulated tug and barge was issued an Operational Control (Code 705, Prior to Discharge of Ballast Water into U.S. Waters) for taking on untreated ballast water without an installed ballast water treatment system. Case pends.

### **NAVIGATIONAL SAFETY**

Letter of Deviation (LOD), Inoperable AIS (01SEP2023): A foreign flagged container vessel was issued an inbound LOD for inoperable AIS. Repairs were conducted and equipment is working properly. Case closed.

Letter of Deviation (LOD), Inoperable Speed Log (08SEP2023): A U.S. flagged oil tanker was issued an outbound LOD for inoperable speed log. Vessel conducted repairs and the equipment is working properly. Case closed.

### SIGNIFICANT INCIDENT MANAGEMENT DIVISION CASES

Letter of Warning (03SEP2023): IMD received notification of a commercial fishing vessel that discharged an unknown amount of oily bilge water into the Sacramento River. IMD was notified that the vessel's shaft packing was damaged and actively discharging oily bilge water. Sacramento Marina deployed boom around vessel and conducted pollution cleanup. A technician was hired to secure the pollution source. IMD issued a Notice of Federal Interest and a Letter of Warning. Case Closed.

Ongoing Federal Case (04SEP2023): IMD received notification that a 96' retired Navy tug had partially sunk and was actively discharging into Little Potato Slough, with a potential of 1600 gal of petroleum products onboard. USCG, CAL-OSPR, and San Joaquin County Sheriffs established a Unified Command. The OSLTF is being utilized and an Oil Spill Response Company has been hired to create a pollution removal plan and tend to the boom weekly. The product removal and disposition pend while the final salvage plan is routed for approval from the UC. No responsible party has been designated, but a NOFI has been issued to a known operator. Case remains Open.

PREVENTION / RESPONSE - SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR	SAFETY STA	ATISTICS	
September 2023			
PORT SAFETY CATEGORIES*	Sep-2023	Sep-2022	**3yr Avg
Total Number of Port State Control Detentions:	0	0	0.08
SOLAS (0), STCW (0), MARPOL (0), ISM (0), ISPS (0)			
Total Number of COTP Orders:	2	5	3.33
Navigation Safety (2), Port Safety & Security (0), ANOA (0)		-	
Marine Casualties (reportable CG 2692) within SF Bay:	8	8	6.81
Allision (1), Collision (0), Fire (0), Capsize (0), Grounding (0), Sinking (0)			
Steering (1), Propulsion (2), Personnel (3), Other (1), Power (0)			
Total Number of (routine) Navigation Safety issues/Letters of Deviation:	2	0	2.19
Radar (0), Gyro (0), Steering (0), Echo Sounder (0), AlS (1)	_		,
ARPA (0), Speed Log (1), R.C. (0), Other (0)			
Reported or Verified "Rule 9" or other Navigational Rule Violations:	1	0	0.08
Significant Waterway events/Navigation related Cases:	0	0	0.00
Total Port Safety (PS) Cases opened	13	13	12.50
MARINE POLLUTION RESPONSE	13	13	12.50
Pollution Discharge Sources (Vessels)	Sep-2023	Sep-2022	**3yr Avg
U.S. Commercial Vessels	1	1	0.47
Foreign Freight Vessels	1	0	0.14
Public Vessels	3	2	0.94
Commercial Fishing Vessels	2	2	0.67
Recreational Vessels	9	5	6.94
Pollution Discharge Sources (Facilities)	Sep-2023	Sep-2022	**3yr Avg
Regulated Waterfront Facilities	0	3eρ-2022 1	0.28
Regulated Waterfront Facilities - Fuel Transfer	0	0	0.26
Other Land Sources	9	7	3.25
Mystery Spills - Unknown Sources	11	7	5.11
Number of Pollution Incidents (By Spill Size)	Sep-2023	Sep-2022	**3yr Avg
Spills < 10 gallons	13	19	9.36
Spills 10 - 100 gallons	3	2	1.69
Spills 100 - 1000 gallons		0	0.31
Spills > 1000 gallons	0		0.00
Spills - Unknown Size	0	0	
'	20 36	4 25	6.03 17.39
Total Pollution Incidents  Oil Disphares (Hazardaya Materials Paleago Valumes by Spill Size	Sep-2023		
Oil Discharge/Hazardous Materials Release Volumes by Spill Size Estimated spill amount from U.S. Commercial Vessels	1.00	Sep-2022 1.00	**3yr Avg 2.94
Estimated spill amount from Foreign Freight Vessels			
Estimated spill amount from Public Vessels	unk 45.10	0.00	0.28
Estimated spill amount from Commercial Fishing Vessels	45.10	2.00	8.20
Estimated spill amount from Recreational Vessels	0.00	24.00	10.99
Estimated spill amount from Regulated Waterfront Facilities	unk	4.00	75.90 22.56
Estimated spill amount from Regulated Waterfront Facilities - Fuel Transfer	0.00	1.00	
	0.00	0.00	0.06
Estimated spill amount from Other Land Sources  Estimated spill amount from Unknown Sources (Mustery Shoops)	14.20	14.00	53.03
Estimated spill amount from Unknown Sources (Mystery Sheens)	unk	unk	0.00
Total Oil Discharge and/or Hazardous Materials Release (Gallons)  Penalty Actions	60.30 Sep-2023	46.00 Sep-2022	173.95 **3yr Avg
Civil Penalty Cases	3eμ-2023 0	0 0	0.03
Notice of Violations	0		0.03
Letters of Warning	3	2	5.08
Total Penalty Actions	3	2	5.61
* NOTE: Values represent all cases within the HSC jurisdiction during the period. Significant of			
			LIV C.
** NOTE: Values represent an average month over a 36 month period for the specified cate	gory or informat	uon.	

## Harbor Safety Committee Of the San Francisco Bay Region

## Report of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, San Francisco District October 12, 2023

#### 1. CORPS O&M DREDGING PROGRAM

The FY23 dredging program has entered the construction phase with six of the seven planned projects having been awarded. Funding is provided in the FY 2023 Consolidated Appropriations Act, Public Law 117-328, signed into law on December 29, 2022. The FY23 project schedules are included at the end of this report. Adjustments may be made to these schedules as circumstances warrant.

#### **FY 2023 DREDGING**

- **a. Richmond Inner Harbor** Bid Opening was held on May 26 with contract award to The Dutra Group on June 8. Dredging started on July 7; however, the contractor demobilized at the end of August to start work on the Sacramento Deep Water Ship Channel and then the Suisun Bay Channel project. Once those two are completed, they will return to Richmond Inner Harbor to complete the dredging.
- **b.** Oakland Harbor Bid Opening was held on June 2 with contract award to Manson Construction on June 16. Dredging started on August 7; estimated completion on or about January 1.
- **c.** San Joaquin River (Port of Stockton) Bid Opening was held on June 28 with contract award to Ross Island Sand & Gravel on July 7. Dredging started on July 28; estimated completion on or about November 30.
- d. Sacramento River Deep Water Ship Channel Bid Opening was held on July 7 with contract award to The Dutra Group on July 21. Dredging started on August 31 and dredging completed on September 13.
- e. Redwood City Harbor Bid opening was held on August 7. Both bids were over twice the Government Estimate, and the Government determined the contract was not awardable due to insufficient funds. A new solicitation with a revised scope of work was advertised starting on September 15; bid opening will be held on October 16.
- f. Maritime Administration (MARAD) Suisun Bay Reserve Fleet (SBRF) This is not a standard Corps dredging project the Maritime Administration has requested Corps support in dredging areas at their small boat slips in Suisun Bay. Bid opening was held on August 14 with contract award to Pacific Dredge on August 21. Dredging started on October 6; estimated completion on or about November 19.
- g. Suisun Bay Channel (and New York Slough) Bid opening was held on July 24 with contract award to Camenzind-Dutra JV on August 4. Dredging started on September 18; estimated completion on or about October 23.

- h. SF Main Ship Channel The Government Hopper Dredge Essayons arrived on station and started dredging on May 28. Following dry-dock repairs in early June, the Essayons returned to the Main Ship Channel on July 14 to resume dredging operations. The Essayons worked in the MSC until July 22, then moved to Pinole Shoal.
- **i.** San Pablo Bay (Pinole Shoal) Following completion of the Main Ship Channel, the Essayons moved to Pinole Shoal on July 22 and dredged there over the next 9 days completing the project on July 31. After completion the Essayons departed the Bay Area and returned to Portland.
- **j. Richmond Outer Harbor (and Richmond Long Wharf)** Dredging is deferred to FY24 to remain in compliance with the Water Quality Certification for SF Bay Area Dredging.
- **2. EMERGENCY (URGENT & COMPELLING) DREDGING:** There are currently no emergency dredging events happening in the Bay Area. The last event took place in early June 2022, when Bulls Head Reach of Suisun Bay Channel required emergency dredging.

3. DEBRIS REMOVAL – Debris removal for September was 21.3 tons. Dillard: 18 tons; Raccoon: 3.3 tons, including one abandoned vessel. Average debris removal for September from 2013 to 2022 is 36 tons (Range: 8.5-71.5).

## **BASEYARD DEBRIS COLLECTION TOTALS:**

MONTH	RACCOON	DILLARD	MISC	TOTAL
2023	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS
JAN	87	112	0	199
FEB	19	48	0	67
MAR	2	41	0	43
APR	1	11.5	0	12.5
MAY	0.8	32	0	32.8
JUN	4	16.5	0	20.5
JUL	27.5	31	0	58.5
AUG	28	41.5	0	69.5
SEP	3.3	18	0	21.3
OCT				
NOV				
DEC				

YR TOTAL
524.1

#### 4. UNDERWAY OR UPCOMING HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS

**Oakland Harbor Turning Basins Widening Study:** This study will investigate and determine if there is a technically feasible, economically justifiable, and environmentally acceptable recommendation for federal participation in a navigation improvement project to the existing -50-foot Oakland Harbor Federal Navigation Project. The Draft Integrated Feasibility Report (IFR) was released on 17 December 2021 for public comment. A Draft IFR/EA and a 404(b)(1) analysis is now included as appendix A-3 of the Feasibility Study. A complete list of updates from the initial Draft IFR/EA is in the executive summary of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Draft IFR/EA. The Study is scheduled to be completed in Jan 2024 and the Chief's Report is scheduled to be completed end of May 2024.

### The 2023 Revised Draft IFR/EA can be found on our website:

https://www.spn.usace.army.mil/Missions/Projects-and-Programs/Current-Projects/Oakland-Harbor-Turning-Basins-Widening/

### 5. OTHER WORK

Regional Dredge Material Management Plan: Following virtual charrettes with the public and stakeholders in July 2020, SFEI was contracted to perform a data gap analysis and develop scopes to address the gaps with advice from an Interagency Working Group (IWG). Sediment Transport Modeling (ERDC), Regional Analysis, and Ecological Modeling and Benefits Analysis and Decision Support efforts have begun. The USACE Plan Formulation process has led to a draft array of alternatives to compare and ultimately for a recommended plan for the FY25+ dredging program, until the next annual update pending funding (likely FY25). Information on the RDMMP and latest outreach meetings and notes can be found on our website here:

https://www.spn.usace.army.mil/Missions/Projects-and-Programs/Regional-Dredge-Material-Management-Plan/

USACE Work Plan Web Address: http://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/Civil-Works/Budget/

### 6. HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY UPDATE

### Address of Corps' web site for completed hydrographic surveys:

http://www.spn.usace.army.mil/Missions/Surveys,StudiesStrategy/HydroSurvey.aspx

The following surveys are posted:

**Alameda Naval Navigation Channel:** Condition survey of November 1 and 2, 2022.

Berkeley Marina (Entrance Channel): Condition survey of February 28, 2023.

Islais Creek Channel: Condition survey of July 21, 2023.

**Larkspur Ferry Channel**: Condition survey of February 24, 2023.

Mare Island Strait: Condition survey of September 16, 2022.

Marinship Channel (Richardson Bay): Condition survey of November 7, 2022.

Napa River: Condition survey of September 6-11, 2023.

Northship Channel: Condition survey of September 27 and November 4, 2022.

**Oakland Inner Harbor:** Condition survey of June 29 and July 1, 2023.

Oakland Inner Harbor (Brooklyn Basin): Condition survey of 15-20 January 2021.

Oakland Outer Harbor: Condition survey of June 29, 2023.

**Petaluma River (Across-the-Flats):** Condition survey of August 9, 2023. **Petaluma River (Main Channel):** Condition survey of August 24, 2023.

Petaluma River (Extended Channel): Condition survey of November 2-4, 2022.

Pinole Shoal Channel: Post dredge survey of August 3-8, 2023

Redwood City Harbor: Condition survey of September 26, 2023.

Richmond Inner Harbor: Condition survey of June 15-16, 2023.

Richmond Inner Harbor (Santa Fe Channel): Condition survey of November 28, 2022.

Richmond Outer Harbor (Longwharf): Condition survey of July 18, 2023.

Richmond Outer Harbor (Southampton Shoal): Condition survey of July 25, 2023.

**Sacramento River Deep Water Ship Channel:** Post dredge survey of August 13-17 and September 9, 13, 2023.

San Bruno Shoal: Condition survey of September 28, 2023.

San Francisco Main Ship Channel: Condition survey of July 27–August 9, 2023.

San Leandro Marina (and Channel): Condition survey of March 30 and April 1, 2015.

San Rafael (Across-the-Flats): Condition survey of August 17, 2023.

San Rafael (Creek): Condition survey of August 17, 2023.

Stockton Ship Channel: Condition survey of July 27-29, 2023.

Suisun Bay Channel: Condition survey of August 28-29, 2023.

Suisun Bay Channel (Bullshead Reach): Condition survey of August 28-29, 2023.

Suisun Bay Channel (New York Slough): Condition survey of August 28-29, 2023.

Suisun Slough: Condition survey of November 30 and December 1, 2022.

Disposal Site Condition Surveys:

**SF-08** (Main Ship Channel Disposal Site): Condition survey of May 26, 2023.

SF-09 (Carquinez): Condition survey of July 6, 2023.

SF-10 (San Pablo Bay): Condition survey of July 6, 2023.

SF-11 (Alcatraz Island): Condition survey of September 21, 2023.

SF-16 (Suisun Bay Disposal Site): Condition survey of July 12, 2023.

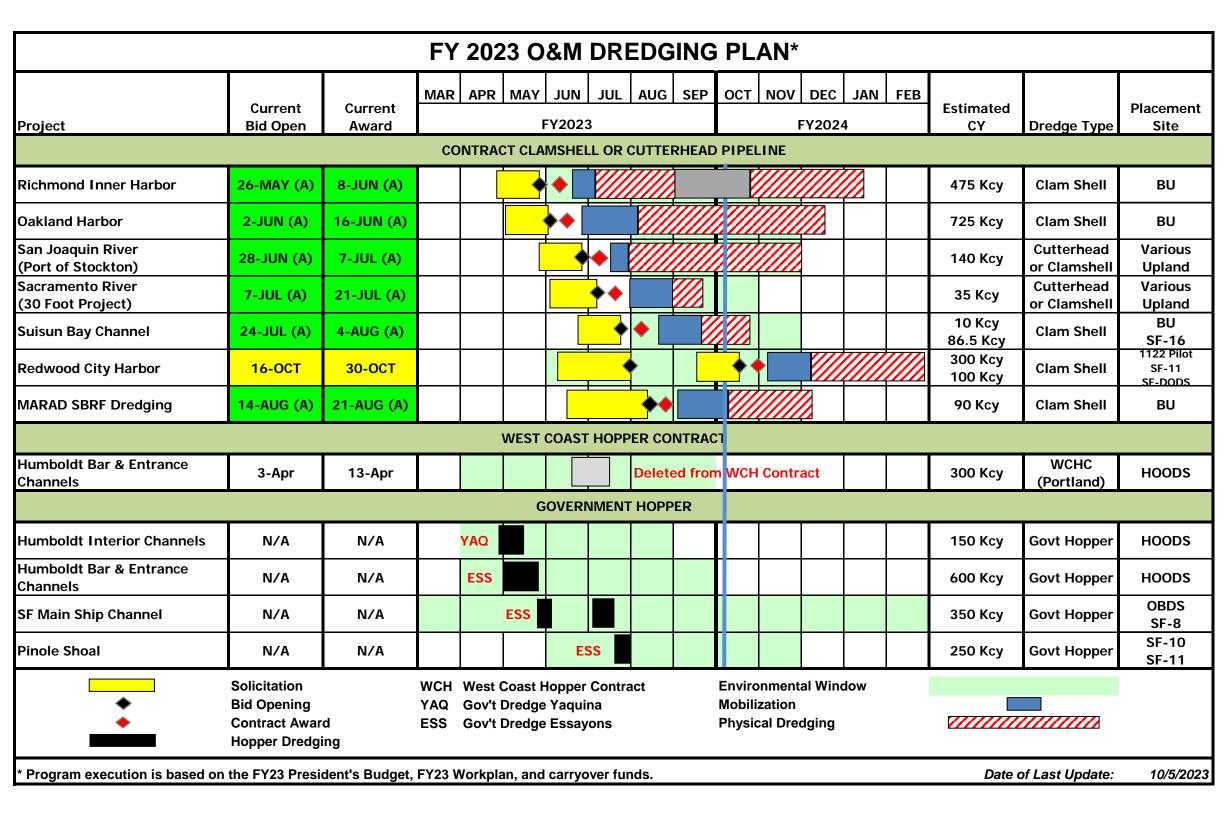
SF-17 (Ocean Beach Disposal Site): Condition survey of May 26, 2023.

## **Requested Surveys:**

Pre/Post-dredge and condition surveys have been completed for all of San Francisco District's in-bay projects dredged in FY22.

## **Channel Condition Report (CCR):**

Attached is the Channel Condition Report (CCR) for all Corps maintained channels dated 10 OCT 2023. The CCR is generated by the USACE eHydro database and is not a substitute for the controlling depths set by the SF Bar Pilots. Please see the respective bathymetric plots for locations (highlighted in red) of the shoaliest soundings reports in the CCR.



From: US Army Corps of Engineers San Francisco District							
	Janira	incisco, c	.A J410	MINIM	OF CHAI	NNEL EN	•
	AUTHO	ORIZED PR	OJECT	LEFT	LEFT	RIGHT	RIGHT
DATE OF SURVEY	WIDTH (feet)	LENGTH (miles)	DEPTH (feet)	OUTSIDE QUARTER (feet)			OUTSIDE QUARTER (feet)
	( 7	( == 7	( /	(1001)	(1001)	(1000)	(1000)
08-09-2023	2000	4.96	55	50.1	55.1	55.2	53.9
	300						
09-26-2023	943	3.94	30	18.2	25.6	23.9	20.5
	809			No	No	No	
06-28-2023	1021	0.96	38	Data	Data	Data	36.3
06 45 2022	809	2.00	20	22.0	25.4	25.0	24.5
06-15-2023		3.09	38	33.8	35.1	35.9	34.5
11-28-2022		0.37	38	25.6	27 4	27 1	21.2
11 20 2022		0.57	36	25.0	27.4	27.1	21.2
07-25-2023		3.25	45	40.4	44.7	44.5	42.7
07-18-2023	2188 5598	0.88	45	31.2	No Data	No Data	No Data
0, 10 2020		0.00		01.1	2 4 4 4	2 4 4 4	2 4 4 4
08-17-2023	100	2.25	8	6.0	6.1	6.6	5.5
	60						
08-17-2023	160	1.55	6	4.4	4.9	4.7	5.0
08-24-2023	100 361	4.06	8	3.4	1.4	1.2	3.7
	200						
12-15-2020	206	5.68	8	6.3	8.8	8.3	8.2
09-06-2023	75 245	3.19	15	1.8	9.1	8.9	7.1
09-06-2023		9.92	10	4.3	5.8	5.5	1.0
	147						
01-15-2021	1501	0.94	35	6.2	8.0	17.3	7.2
	250						
01-15-2021	1010	2.74	35	8.4	3.9	3.0	3.0
06-29-2023	544 1997	4.62	50	47.5	48.4	48.4	46.9
	DATE OF SURVEY  08-09-2023  09-26-2023  06-15-2023  11-28-2022  07-25-2023  08-17-2023  08-17-2023  08-17-2023  12-15-2020  09-06-2023  01-15-2021  01-15-2021	AUTHO SURVEY   WIDTH (feet)	AUTHORIZED PROSURVEY   WIDTH (feet)   LENGTH (miles)	450 Golden Gate Ave San Francisco, CA 9410  AUTHORIZED PROJECT  DATE OF SURVEY  WIDTH (feet)  08-09-2023 2000 4.96 55  300 09-26-2023 943 3.94 30  809 06-28-2023 1021 0.96 38  809 06-15-2023 1201 3.09 38  195 11-28-2022 509 0.37 38  600 07-25-2023 1291 3.25 45  2188 07-18-2023 5598 0.88 45  08-17-2023 100 2.25 8  08-17-2023 160 1.55 6  08-24-2023 361 4.06 8  200 12-15-2020 206 5.68 8  75 09-06-2023 245 3.19 15  102 09-06-2023 183 9.92 10  147 01-15-2021 1501 0.94 35  01-15-2021 1501 0.94 35	A50 Golden Gate Ave   San Francisco, CA 94102	A50 Golden Gate Ave   San Francisco, CA 94102   MINIMUM DEPT   WIDTH OF CHAIN   FROM SI   FROM	A50 Golden Gate Ave   San Francisco, CA 94102

To: Navigation Interests	From:	neers San	Francisc	o District					
	San Francisco, CA 94102								
RIVER/HARBOR NAME AND STATE					MINIM	MUM DEPTHS IN EACH 1/4			
SUISUN BAY					WIDTH	OF CHAI	NNEL EN	TERING	
CALIFORNIA						FROM SE	EAWARD		
		AUTH	ORIZED PR	OJECT	LEFT	LEFT	RIGHT	RIGHT	
NAME OF CHANNEL	DATE OF				OUTSIDE	INSIDE	INSIDE	OUTSIDE	
	SURVEY	WIDTH	LENGTH	DEPTH	QUARTER	QUARTER			
		(feet)	(miles)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	
Oakland Harbor		296							
Oakland Outer Channel	06-29-2023	1761	2.52	50	46.4	48.2	48.7	47.8	
Humboldt Bay		500							
Bar and Entrance Channel	06-29-2023	2113	2.60	48	27.2	40.6	37.7	27.9	
Humboldt Bay		400							
Eureka Channel	06-29-2023		1.69	26	2.0	3.7	12.1	6.6	
Humboldt Bay		300							
Fields Landing Channel	06-29-2023	770	2.35	26	12.5	26.8	25.3	20.8	
Humboldt Bay		400							
North Bay Channel	06-29-2023	657	3.04	38	33.2	37.7	36.3	18.6	
Humboldt Bay	00 23 2023	400	3.0 .	- 55		<u> </u>	00.0		
Samoa Channel	06-29-2023		1.83	38	32.9	35.2	34.2	17.2	
	00-23-2023		1.05	30	32.3	33.2	34.2	17.2	
Pinole Shoal Channel		600	40.40	25	26.7	26.2	26.4	22.0	
Pinole Shoal Channel	08-08-2023	1644	10.40	35	26.7	36.3	36.1	33.9	
Suisun Bay Channel									
Suisun Bay (0+00 to 150+00)	08-28-2023	300	2.84	35	36.6	36.7	36.8	35.9	
Suisun Bay Channel									
Suisun Bay (150+00 to 733+45)	08-28-2023	300	11.10	35	33.1	34.5	33.6	25.7	
Suisun Bay Channel Anchorage						No	No	No	
Suisun Bay Channel Anchorage	01-17-2023	400	0.90	35	34.4	Data	Data	Data	
New York Slough		400							
New York Slough (0+00 to 232+03)	08-28-2023		4.42	35	32.3	33.0	34.0	33.4	

To: Navigation Interests	From: US Army Corps of Engineers San Francisco District 450 Golden Gate Ave								
	San Francisco, CA 94102								
RIVER/HARBOR NAME AND STATE SAN LEANDRO CALIFORNIA		Janina	11101300, 0	<i>J J 1</i> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MINIM	UM DEPT I OF CHAI FROM SI	NNEL EN	•	
		AUTH	ORIZED PR	OJECT	LEFT	LEFT	RIGHT	RIGHT	
NAME OF CHANNEL	DATE OF SURVEY	WIDTH (feet)	LENGTH (miles)	DEPTH (feet)	OUTSIDE QUARTER (feet)	INSIDE QUARTER (feet)	INSIDE QUARTER (feet)	OUTSIDE QUARTER (feet)	
San Bruno Shoal		, ,		, ,	(1001)	(1000)	(1.000)	(1001)	
San Bruno Shoal	09-28-2023	500	5.66	30	28.9	31.0	31.3	30.1	
Richardson Bay/Marinship		300							
Richardson Bay/Marinship	11-07-2022		2.11	20	4.7	5.2	5.3	4.8	
Islais Creek		500							
Islais Creek	07-21-2023	1424	1.71	40	30.9	36.8	37.1	23.9	
Alameda Naval Air		1000							
Alameda Naval Air	11-01-2022	4178	2.90	37	11.6	12.2	18.6	16.3	
Mare Island Strait		400							
Mare Island Strait	09-16-2022	606	3.37	30	27.4	29.1	31.9	32.4	
Larkspur Channel	02 24 2022	231	2 27	12	11.0	12.5	12.7	12.0	
Larkspur Channel	02-24-2023		2.37	13	11.9	12.5	12.7	12.0	
Northship Channel Northship Channel	09-27-2022	3576 4769	5.97	45	23.2	37.2	37.2	35.4	
Berkeley Marina		100							
Berkeley Marina	02-28-2023	142	1.36	15	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.1	
Bodega Bay		100							
Bodega Bay	09-29-2022	400	3.46	12	3.1	9.5	9.7	7.1	
Moss Landing Moss Landing	01-24-2023	120 405	0.98	15	8.6	7.4	7.6	8.5	
Noyo River		97							
Entrance Channel	03-16-2023		0.67	10	7.2	9.5	9.8	8.0	
Noyo River		97							
Channel	03-16-2023	150	0.67	10	7.3	9.4	9.0	4.8	
Crescent City		200							
Entrance Channel	01-29-2023	320	0.42	20	17.0	17.6	16.2	15.1	
Crescent City		200							
Inner Harbor Basin Channel	01-29-2023	300	0.39	15	14.6	14.7	14.7	13.0	
Crescent City		228							
Marina Access Channel	01-29-2023	170	0.22	15	11.4	12.2	11.7	9.9	
SAN LEANDRO MARINA Approach Channel	02-20-2015	200	2 50	7	2.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	
Approach Chainlei	03-30-2015	200	3.50	/	۷.۵	٥.٥	5.4	5.2	

To: Navigation Interests	From: US Army Corps of Engineers San Francisco District							
		450 Go	lden Gat	e Ave				
		San Fra	ncisco, C	CA 9410	)2			
RIVER/HARBOR NAME AND STATE					MINIM	UM DEPT	THS IN EA	CH 1/4
SAN LEANDRO					WIDTH	OF CHAI	NNEL ENT	TERING
CALIFORNIA						FROM SE	EAWARD	
		AUTHORIZED PROJECT LEFT RIGH						RIGHT
NAME OF CHANNEL	DATE OF				OUTSIDE	INSIDE	INSIDE	OUTSIDE
TWANTE OF CHANNEE	SURVEY	WIDTH	LENGTH	DEPTH	QUARTER	QUARTER	QUARTER	QUARTER
		(feet)	(miles)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
SAN LEANDRO MARINA								
North Arm	03-15-2010	170	0.30	7	2.7	3.6	3.8	3.9
SAN LEANDRO MARINA								
South Arm	03-15-2010	150	0.30	7	3.3	4.7	4.6	4.8



# Harbor Safety Committee of the San Francisco Bay Region Clearing House

c/o Marine Exchange of the San Francisco Bay Region 10 Commodore Drive Emeryville, California 94608 415-441-6600 -- hsc@sfmx.org

# San Francisco Clearinghouse Report

October 12, 2023

- In September the clearinghouse did not contact OSPR regarding any possible escort violations.
- In September the clearinghouse did not receive any notifications of vessels arriving at the Pilot Station without escort paperwork.
- The clearinghouse has not contacted OSPR so far in 2023 regarding possible escort violations. The clearinghouse did not contact OSPR in 2022 or 2021 regarding possible escort violations. The clearinghouse contacted OSPR 1 time in 2020 regarding a possible escort violation. The clearinghouse did not contact OSPR in 2019 regarding possible escort violations. The clearinghouse contacted OSPR 1 time in 2018 about a possible escort violation. The clearinghouse did not contact OSPR in 2017 about possible escort violations. The clearinghouse contacted OSPR 1 time in 2016 about a possible escort violation. The clearinghouse contacted OSPR 3 times in 2015 about possible escort violations. The clearinghouse contacted OSPR 5 times regarding possible escort violations in 2014. The clearinghouse contacted OSPR 1 time in 2013. The clearinghouse contacted OSPR 3 times in 2012 regarding possible escort violations, 3 times in 2011, 6 times in 2010, 8 times 2009; 4 times 2008; 9 times in 2007; 9 times in 2006; 16 times in 2005; 24 times in 2004; twice in 2003; twice in 2002; 6 times in 2001; 5 times in 2000.
- In September there were 109 tank vessel arrivals; 19 ATBs, 6 Chemical Tankers, 16 Chemical/Oil Tankers, 30 Crude Oil Tankers, 1 LPG, 21 Product Tankers, and 16 Tugs with Barges.
- In September there were 265 total vessel arrivals.

# San Francisco Bay Clearinghouse Report For September 2023

# San Francisco Bay Region Totals

	2023		2022	
Tanker arrivals to San Francisco Bay	74		50	
ATB arrivals	19		18	
Barge arrivals to San Francisco Bay	16		15	
Total Tanker and Barge Arrivals	109		83	
Tank ship movements & escorted barge movements	367		273	
Tank ship movements	219	59.67%	177	64.84%
Escorted tank ship movements	166	45.23%	138	50.55%
Unescorted tank ship movements	53	14.44%	39	14.29%
Tank barge movements	148	40.33%	96	35.16%
Escorted tank barge movements	24	6.54%	8	2.93%
Unescorted tank barge movements	124	33.79%	88	32.23%

Percentages above are percent of total tank ship movements & escorted barge movements for each item.

Escorts reported to OSPR

0

0

Movements by Zone	Zone 1	%	Zone 2	%	Zone 4	%	Zone 6	%	Total	%
Total movements	214		356		0		159		729	
Unescorted movements	97	45.33%	170	47.75%	0	0.00%	65	40.88%	332	45.54%
Tank ships	70	32.71%	117	32.87%	0	0.00%	56	35.22%	243	33.33%
Tank barges	27	12.62%	53	14.89%	0	0.00%	9	5.66%	89	12.21%
Escorted movements	117	54.67%	186	52.25%	0	0.00%	94	59.12%	397	54.46%
Tank ships	115	53.74%	163	45.79%	0	0.00%	83	52.20%	361	49.52%
Tank barges	2	0.93%	23	6.46%	0	0.00%	11	6.92%	36	4.94%

#### Notes

- 1. Information is only noted for zones where escorts are required.
- 2. All percentages are percent of total movements for the zone.
- 3. Every movement is counted in each zone transited during the movement.
- 4. Total movements is the total of all unescorted movements and all escorted movements.

# San Francisco Bay Clearinghouse Report For 2023

# San Francisco Bay Region Totals

	2023		2022	
Tanker arrivals to San Francisco Bay	614		706	
ATB arrivals	124		177	
Barge arrivals to San Francisco Bay	116		129	
Total Tanker and Barge Arrivals	854		1,012	
Tank ship movements & escorted barge movements	3,017		3,363	
Tank ship movements	1,760	58.34%	1,999	59.44%
Escorted tank ship movements	1,399	46.37%	1,596	47.46%
Unescorted tank ship movements	361	11.97%	403	11.98%
Tank barge movements	1,257	41.66%	1,364	40.56%
Escorted tank barge movements	164	5.44%	171	5.08%
Unescorted tank barge movements	1,093	36.23%	1,193	35.47%

Percentages above are percent of total tank ship movements & escorted barge movements for each item.

Escorts reported to OSPR

0 0

Movements by Zone	Zone 1	%	Zone 2	%	Zone 4	%	Zone 6	%	Total	%
Total movements	1,697		2,922		0		1,202		5,821	
Unescorted movements	726	42.78%	1,381	47.26%	0	0.00%	540	44.93%	2,647	45.47%
Tank ships	558	32.88%	1,028	35.18%	0	0.00%	472	39.27%	2,058	35.35%
Tank barges	168	9.90%	353	12.08%	0	0.00%	68	5.66%	589	10.12%
Escorted movements	971	57.22%	1,541	52.74%	0	0.00%	662	55.07%	3,174	54.53%
Tank ships	912	53.74%	1,385	47.40%	0	0.00%	594	49.42%	2,891	49.67%
Tank barges	59	3.48%	156	5.34%	0	0.00%	68	5.66%	283	4.86%
Notes										

#### Notes

- 1. Information is only noted for zones where escorts are required.
- 2. All percentages are percent of total movements for the zone.
- 3. Every movement is counted in each zone transited during the movement.
- 4. Total movements is the total of all unescorted movements and all escorted movements.

# NOAA Report to the San Francisco Bay Harbor Safety Committee October 2023

## **Production of Raster Charts is Ending**

NOAA is in the process of ending production of the raster chart products, including the traditional paper chart. The final charts will be canceled in December, 2024.

The remaining raster charts in and around San Francisco Bay will enter "LAST EDITION" status in February, 2024. This (and all charts entering LAST EDITION status) will be announced in the Local Notice to Mariners issued by the United States Coast Guard.

The "LAST EDITION" announcement starts a 6-month warning period, to final cancellation. Therefore, these charts will be officially canceled in August, 2024.

The general coastal charts along the west coast from the Mexican border to Canada, will enter "LAST EDITION" status in June, 2024, and canceled in December, 2024.

Once canceled, the charts will not be available for download from the NOAA website, they will not be mentioned in the Local Notice to Mariners, they technically no longer exist.

The final and last edition of all charts will be archived and available forever, from our historical chart catalog website here: <a href="https://historicalcharts.noaa.gov/">https://historicalcharts.noaa.gov/</a> Charts from the historical chart website are not updated and therefore are not to be used for navigation purposes.

For real time navigation, mariners should be using the NOAA Electronic Navigational Chart (ENC) in an appropriate navigation system.

For users wanting a large format paper representation of the ENC for situational awareness or planning purposes, NOAA has the Custom Chart Tool that can convert the ENC data into a PDF that can be printed.

The NOAA Custom Chart Tool is available here: https://devgis.charttools.noaa.gov/pod/

Several print vendors will print the PDF on high quality paper and/or make custom chart products for direct sale to the public. More information can be obtained by contacting those vendors directly and on the Coast Survey website here:

https://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/publications/print-agents.html#ncc

Any questions on whether the custom chart printed products can be used to meet carriage requirements should be directed to the USCG.

If you have any questions or want to know the cancellation date for a specific chart in the NOAA suite, you can contact the CA Navigation Manager at jeffrey.ferguson@noaa.gov



# Welcome



- o Introductions
- o Chevron Lower Carbon Strategy & Actions
- New Energies Organization
  - West Coast Portfolio Overview
- o H2 basics
- o Chevron Partnerships
- o Q&A
- o Next Steps



# The future of energy



Balancing supply and demand is essential



World will need energy in multiple forms



Collaboration critical to the future of energy





# Our Energy Transition strategy Advance a lower carbon future

# Lower carbon intensity of our operations

# **Target**

35% carbon reduction in Upstream by 2028

# **Maintain**

1st quartile performance in oil and gas GHG intensity

# **Focus**

on methane, flaring and energy management

# Aim

2050 net zero aspiration\* for upstream Scope 1 & 2 emissions

# **Grow lower carbon businesses**



Renewable fuels & products



Hydrogen\*\*



Carbon capture, utilization & storage



Offsets & emerging lower carbon opportunities

Chevron expects to triple our lower carbon capital versus prior guidance to over \$10 billion between now and 2028: \$2B in carbon reduction projects and \$8B in low carbon investments

<sup>\*</sup> Upstream emission intensity Scope 1 and 2 in kgCO<sub>2</sub>e/BOE.Achieving the Upstream 2050 net zero aspiration will require continued partnership and progress in technology, policy, regulations, and offset markets.



\*\*Chevron's approach to hydrogen envisions the use of green, blue, and gray hydrogen. See Climate Change Resilience Report

# Advancing growth in our lower carbon energy Strengthening execution and pace

Consolidated
Oil, Products & Gas

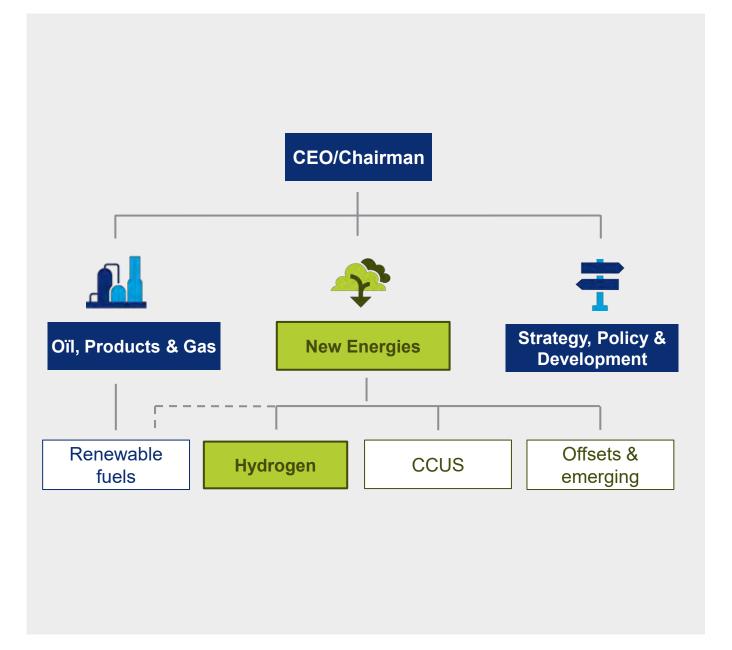
**Dedicated**New Energies Team

Renewable fuels integrated with Downstream

# Continue

venture investments and renewable power purchase agreements (PPAs)

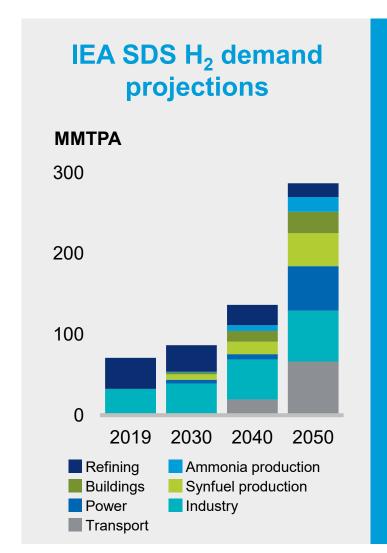
Align and leverage strengths
Strategy, Policy and Business Development





# The role of hydrogen – the future is lower carbon

Part of the solution where electrification of demand is not feasible



Anticipated

6%
of total energy consumption by 2050

Requires
4-fold
growth from today

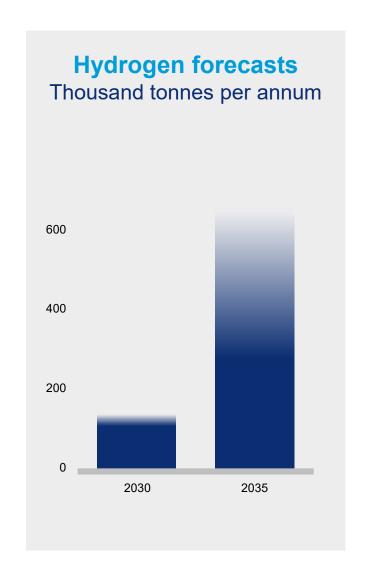
~500
projects under assessment/development

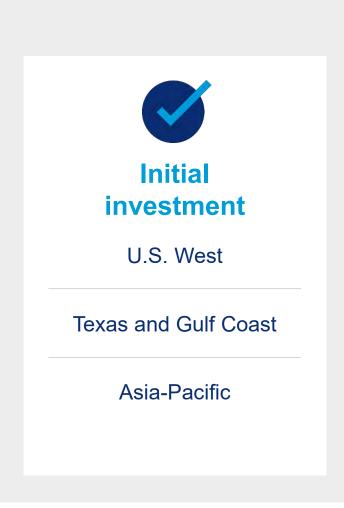
Source: IEA, Energy Technology Perspectives 2020 under IEA's Sustainable Development Scenario (net zero by 2070; 2deg) Note: Ammonia refers to fuel production for shipping sector; Industry includes Hydrogen for industrial ammonia production © 2023 Chevron



# Chevron New Energies – hydrogen

Chevron New Energies is seeking to create a profitable, large-scale hydrogen business building upon our assets, our capabilities and our customer relationships





# **Our focus**



# **Target** sectors

Transportation

Power generation

Hard-to-abate industrials



# Focus on low carbon intensity

Building a diverse production portfolio to deliver low carbon intensity products to meet customer needs at the right cost



# Hydrogen 101 How it is produced



# **Grey hydrogen**

~10 kg-CO<sub>2</sub>/kg-H2

 Steam reformation of natural gas into H<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub>



# Blue hydrogen

< 3 kg-CO<sub>2</sub>/kg-H2

 Grey hydrogen plus carbon capture



# Green hydrogen

~0 kg-CO<sub>2</sub>/kg-H2

 Electrolysis of water into H<sub>2</sub> and oxygen using renewable power



# Pink hydrogen

~0 kg-CO<sub>2</sub>/kg-H2

 Electrolysis of water into H<sub>2</sub> using nuclear power



# **Others**

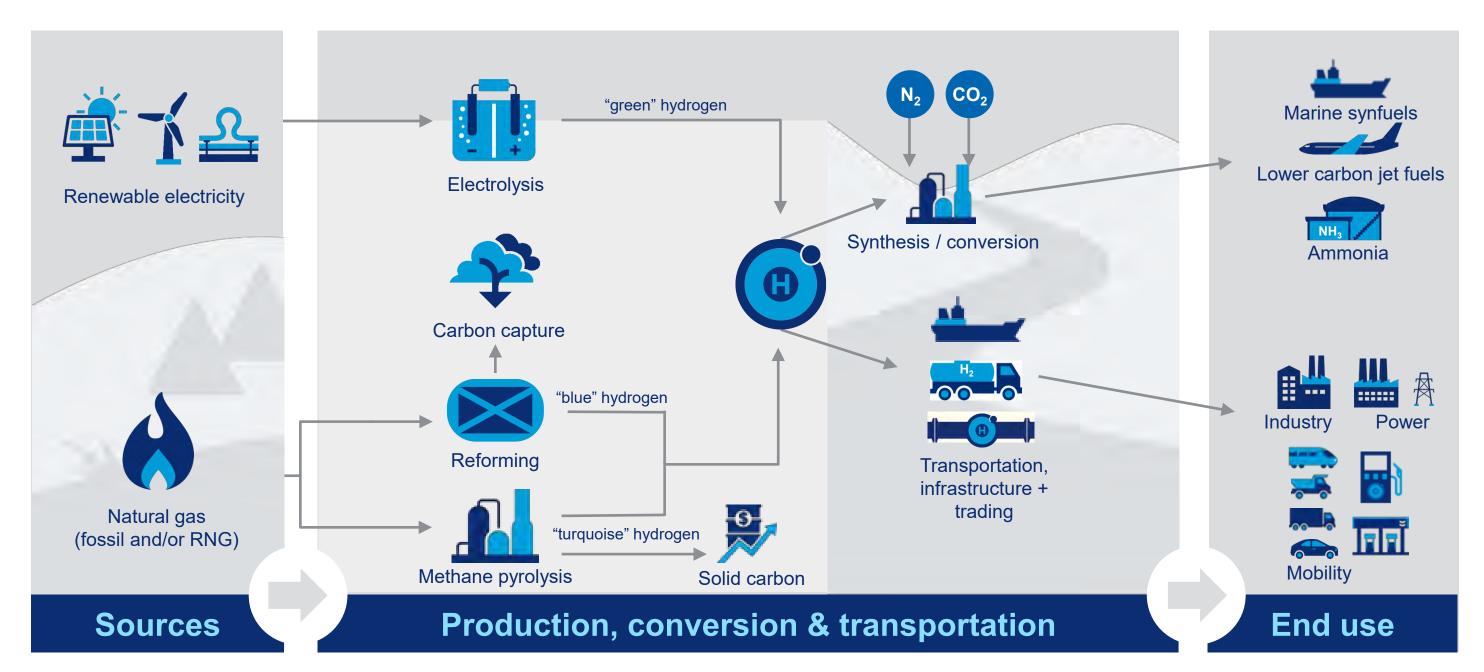
**Turquoise**: Pyrolysis splits methane into  $H_2$  and solid "carbon black"

**CNE** focuses on carbon intensity separate from technology

We recognize all hydrogen color options have a role to play in helping reach a lower carbon future



# Hydrogen value chain





# Enabling value chain development through partnerships and emerging technologies

**Chevron is pursuing** commercial opportunities through partnerships that demonstrate our desire to develop technology, build infrastructure, connect supply chains and grow the hydrogen market -- all key components to deliver hydrogen at-scale



10



# Call to action to Ports: Chevron can partner to create H2 solutions

# Port ecosystems have a lot of opportunity to lower carbon :

- Cargo handling
- Drayage trucks (mandated by Advanced Clean Fleets)
- Harbor Vessels
- Cold Ironing (Mandated by CARB at berth)?

Source Category	CO2 (tonnes)
OGV, hoteling	82,721
OGV, maneuvering	7957
Harbor vessels	24,194
Recreational vessels	739
Locomotives	41,957
Cargo-handling equipment	44,215
Heavy- duty vehicles	16,824

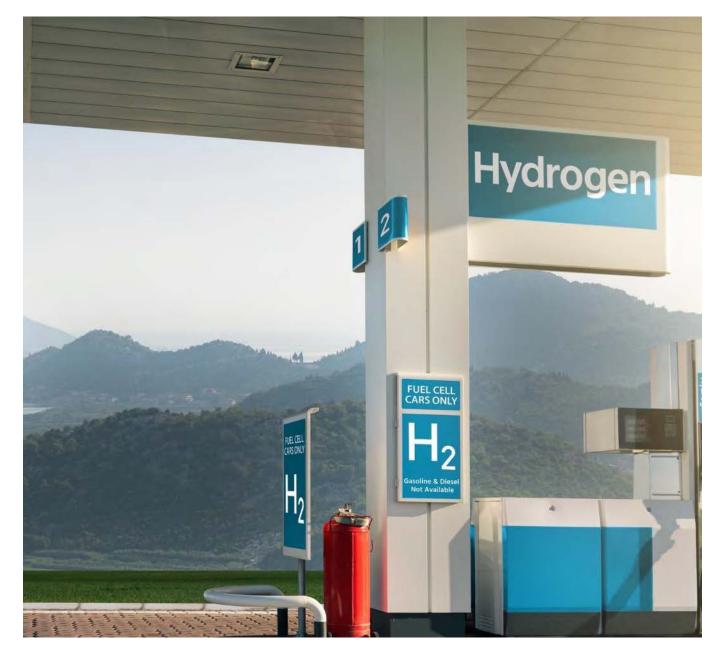
Diesel use and associated emissions at NWSA in 2019 Source: Bureau of Transport Statistics

# Closing thoughts...

Hydrogen has a vital role in a lower carbon future

A value chain focus on technology, partnership, and policy will be required to accelerate progress towards scaled solutions

We look forward to continued dialogue and partnership.







# Chevron supports well-designed policy



# National, regional, and state strategies

National hydrogen strategies help establish targets and momentum to scale solutions



# Technology neutral approach

Policy should also recognize that all methods of clean hydrogen production will be necessary to cost-effectively create and scale an industry to enable low carbon intensity hydrogen as a decarbonization solution.

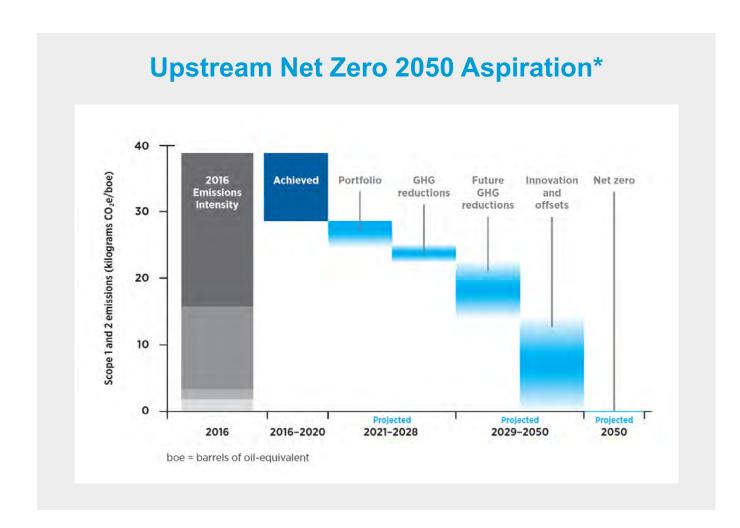


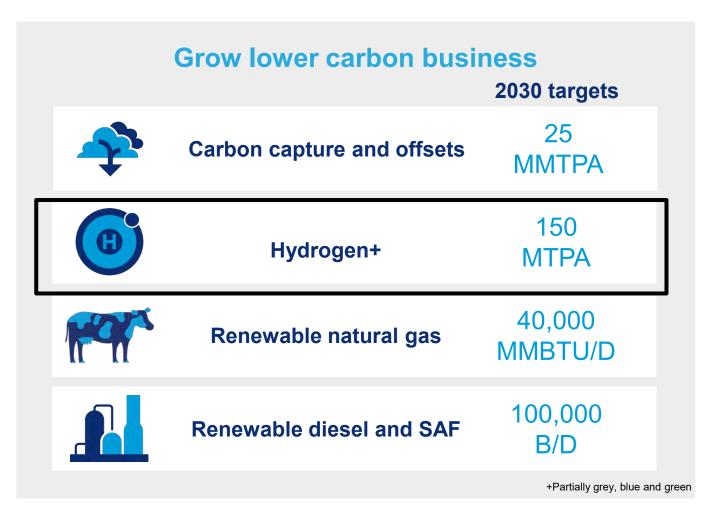
# **Financial incentives**

Government support will be critical to create a low carbon intensity hydrogen market. Policy should be designed to create a market that can be endurable and economic over the long-term



# Our ambitions to advance a lower carbon future





Chevron has set a new GHG intensity target\*\* Portfolio Carbon Intensity,

that represents the carbon intensity across the full value chain associated with bringing products to market, including Scope 3 emissions from the use of sold products, our largest category of Scope 3 emissions

<sup>\*\*</sup>This target allows Chevron flexibility to grow its traditional upstream and downstream business while remaining increasingly carbon-efficient

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<sup>\*</sup>Upstream emission intensity Scope 1 and 2 in kgCO<sub>2</sub>e/BOE. Achieving the Upstream 2050 net zero aspiration will require continued partnership and progress in technology, policy, regulations, and offset markets.

# **Hydrogen Safety**

# safeguards

Hydrogen gas detectors and flame detectors are strategically located in facilities. The detectors are connected to alarms and automatic safe shutdown systems.

Mature safety codes and standards guide the design, engineering, construction, and operation of hydrogen handling equipment and storage facilities, specifically National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA), Compressed Gas Association (CGA), and Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE). Storage system design standards include relief valves and other safety equipment to ensure safe and reliable operation over the lifetime of the equipment.



# . properties

Hydrogen is a gas at room temperature. It is colorless, odorless, tasteless, and undetectable by humans. Hydrogen is 14 times lighter than air and rises at 44 mph. Learn more about <u>Gaseous Hydrogen Properties</u>.

# 2. flammability

Hydrogen has a wide flammability range from 4% to 74% in air, wider than gasoline and natural gas. Flame has little color and can be almost invisible in sunlight.

## 3. radiant heat

Hydrogen flames have low radiant heat, significantly less than gasoline and natural gas. This decreases the risk of secondary fires.

## 4. containment

Hydrogen is the smallest molecule. It is stored at high pressure as a gas, or as a liquid at low temperature.

# 5. health

Hydrogen is non-toxic and non-poisonous.

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